

European Landmarks

Europe is one of the seven continents. The other six are North America, South America, Africa, Asia, Australasia and Antarctica. Some of the countries in Europe are the United Kingdom, France, Holland and Greece. Throughout Europe, you can find a variety of famous landmarks that bring millions of tourists to the continent every year.

Terrific Tower

The Eiffel Tower is found in Paris, France, and was completed on 31st March 1889. It took just over two years to build. Until 1930, it was the tallest building in the world, being 324m tall. This is the same as an 81-storey building! Seven million tourists visited in 2013, making it the most-visited paid monument in the world. There is even a miniature copy of the tower in Las Vegas, USA.



Mysterious Stones

The mysterious Stonehenge can be found in the English countryside in Wiltshire. People believe that the stones were erected around 5,000 years ago, but nobody is certain as to why. It is also a mystery of how the stones got there, with many believing that the stones were brought to Wiltshire from over 200

miles away. The mystery of the stones brings around a million visitors every year, with its busiest day on 21st June for the Summer Solstice.

Colourful Cathedral

St. Basil's Cathedral is found in Moscow, Russia and is shaped like flames, though many of the towers look like colourful ice cream cones. St. Basil's is the only cathedral of its kind; no others before or after have looked like that, which is why so many people flock to the famous landmark every year. It was built from 1555-61. This cathedral's cool design and colours are often mistaken for the Kremlin, the home of the Russian president.



Glossary

Erect – To put something together or build.

Continent – A group of countries.

Landmark – An object that is well known and easily remembered.

Monument – A statue or building to remember an important person or time.

Storey – A level in a building, such as ground floor, first floor, etc.

Questions

Read the information sheet and answer these questions in full sentences.



1. What is a landmark?

2. What year was the Eiffel Tower completed?

3. Where can you find a copy of the Eiffel Tower?

4. Why is Stonehenge called mysterious?

5. How many tourists visit Stonehenge each year?

6. What do you think Stonehenge was used for 5,000 years ago?

7. What do people say the towers of St Basil's Cathedral look like?

8. Which is the oldest landmark on the information sheet?

9. Which landmark is the most visited, the Eiffel Tower or Stonehenge?

10. Which of the landmarks would you be interested in visiting and why?

Answers

1. What is a landmark?
An object that is well known and easily remembered.
2. What year was the Eiffel Tower completed?
The Eiffel Tower was completed on 31st March 1889.
3. Where can you find a copy of the Eiffel Tower?
There is a copy of the Eiffel Tower in Las Vegas, USA.
4. Why is Stonehenge called mysterious?
Stonehenge is called mysterious because nobody knows why or how the stones appeared.
5. How many tourists visit Stonehenge each year?
Around one million tourists visit Stonehenge every year.
6. What do you think Stonehenge was used for 5,000 years ago?
Children write in their own words what they believe Stonehenge was used for 5,000 years ago.
7. What do people say the towers of St Basil's Cathedral look like?
Some people say the towers of St Basil's look like flames.
8. Which is the oldest landmark on the information sheet?
The oldest landmark on the sheet is Stonehenge.
9. Which landmark is the most visited, the Eiffel Tower or Stonehenge?
Eiffel Tower
10. Which of the landmarks would you be interested in visiting and why?
Children give appropriate reasons relating to which landmark they would most like to visit.

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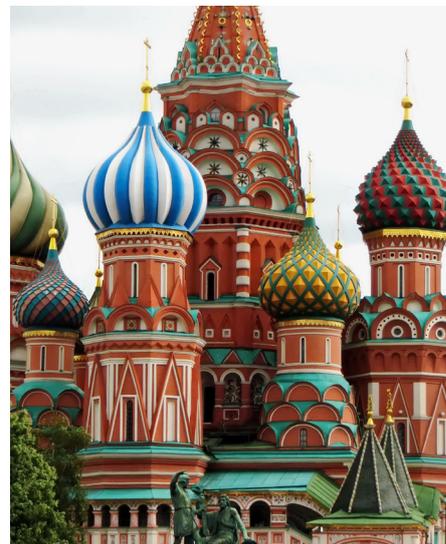


Mysterious Stones

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Colourful Cathedral

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Questions

Read the information sheet and answer these questions in full sentences.



1. What is a landmark? Write the answer in your own words.

2. In 1935, was the Eiffel Tower the tallest building in the world?

3. Where can you find a copy of the Eiffel Tower?

4. Why is it surprising that some of the stones from Stonehenge travelled 200 miles?

5. Why do you think people visit Stonehenge?

6. What do you think Stonehenge was used for 5,000 years ago?

7. What is a monument? Write the answer in your own words.

8. What is St Basil's Cathedral meant to look like?

9. Which landmark is the most visited, the Eiffel Tower or Stonehenge?

10. Which of the landmarks would you be interested in visiting and why? Provide two reasons.

Answers

1. What is a landmark? Write the answer in your own words.
An object that is well known and easily remembered.
2. In 1935, was the Eiffel Tower the tallest building in the world?
No
3. Where can you find a copy of the Eiffel Tower?
There is a copy of the Eiffel Tower in Las Vegas, USA.
4. Why is it surprising that some of the stones from Stonehenge travelled 200 miles?
It is surprising that the stones travelled so far due to the size and weight of them (especially with the lack of equipment 5,000 years ago).
5. Why do you think people visit Stonehenge?
People may visit Stonehenge because they love the mystery of why and how they got there.
6. What do you think Stonehenge was used for 5,000 years ago?
Children write in their own words what they believe Stonehenge was used for 5,000 years ago.
7. What is a monument? Write the answer in your own words.
Children to write answer in their own words (using glossary to help).
8. What is St Basil's Cathedral meant to look like?
St Basil's Cathedral is meant to look like flames.
9. Which landmark is the most visited, the Eiffel Tower or Stonehenge?
Eiffel Tower
10. Which of the landmarks would you be interested in visiting and why? Provide two reasons.
Children give appropriate reasons relating to which landmark they would most like to visit.

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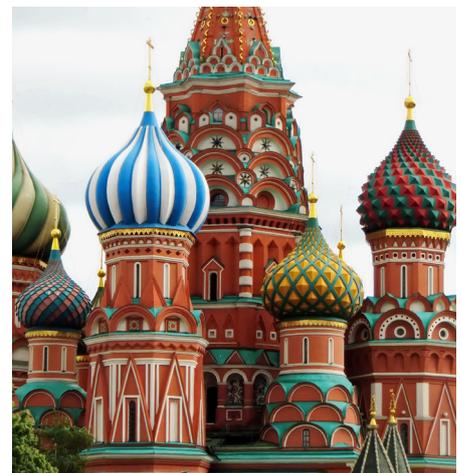


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Questions

Read the information sheet and answer these questions in full sentences.



1. What is a landmark? Write one example not mentioned in the text.

2. Why are famous landmarks good for countries?

3. Where would you be able to find a copy of the Eiffel Tower?

4. Which landmark has the most paid visitors each year?

5. Why is it surprising that some of the stones from Stonehenge travelled 200 miles?

6. Apart from a tourist attraction, what is St Basil's used for?

7. Why do you think tourists believe that St Basil's Cathedral is the President's house?

8. What do you think Stonehenge was used for 5,000 years ago?

9. What is a monument? Give an example of one not mentioned in the information sheet.

10. Which of the three landmarks would you be interested in visiting and why? Provide three reasons.

Answers

1. What is a landmark? Write one example not mentioned in the text.

A landmark is an object that is well known and easily remembered. Children give one example.

2. Why are famous landmarks good for countries?

Famous landmarks are good for countries because they bring lots of tourists and visitors every year.

3. Where can you find a copy of the Eiffel Tower?

There is a copy of the Eiffel Tower in Las Vegas, USA.

4. Which landmark has the most paid visitors each year?

The Eiffel Tower has the most paid visitors each year.

5. Why is it surprising that some of the stones from Stonehenge travelled 200 miles?

It is surprising that the stones travelled so far due to the size and weight of them (especially with the lack of equipment 5,000 years ago).

6. Apart from a tourist attraction, what is St Basil's used for?

St Basil's is also a cathedral.

7. Why do you think tourists believe that St Basil's Cathedral is the President's house?

Some people think St Basil's Cathedral is the President's house due to the cool design and colours of it.

8. What do you think Stonehenge was used for 5,000 years ago?

Children write in their own words what they believe Stonehenge was used for 5,000 years ago.

9. What is a monument? Give an example of one not mentioned in the information sheet.

A monument is a statue or building to remember an important person or time.

10. Which of the landmarks would you be interested in visiting and why? Provide three reasons.

Children give appropriate reasons relating to which landmark they would most like to visit.