

The Human Digestive System

1. Cut out the organs below and stick them by their tabs into the correct positions on the human body. Stick the tabs down in their numbered order.
2. Then cut out the labels and match them, using their numbers, to each part of the digestive system.
3. Join your labels to the diagram with a ruled line.
4. Finally, cut out and match the functions to each part of the digestive system.

Digestion begins in the **mouth**. The teeth help break down the food into smaller pieces.

The **oesophagus** connects your mouth and stomach. It has muscles within it that work in waves to move the food you have eaten down into your stomach.

The **small intestine** is a stretchy tube. It breaks down the food mixture even more so your body can absorb all the vitamins, minerals, proteins carbohydrates and fats.

The **stomach** is a stretchy sack where food is broken down by acids and enzymes. Once it is broken down, it becomes a substance called chyme. It also connects to other parts of the digestive system.

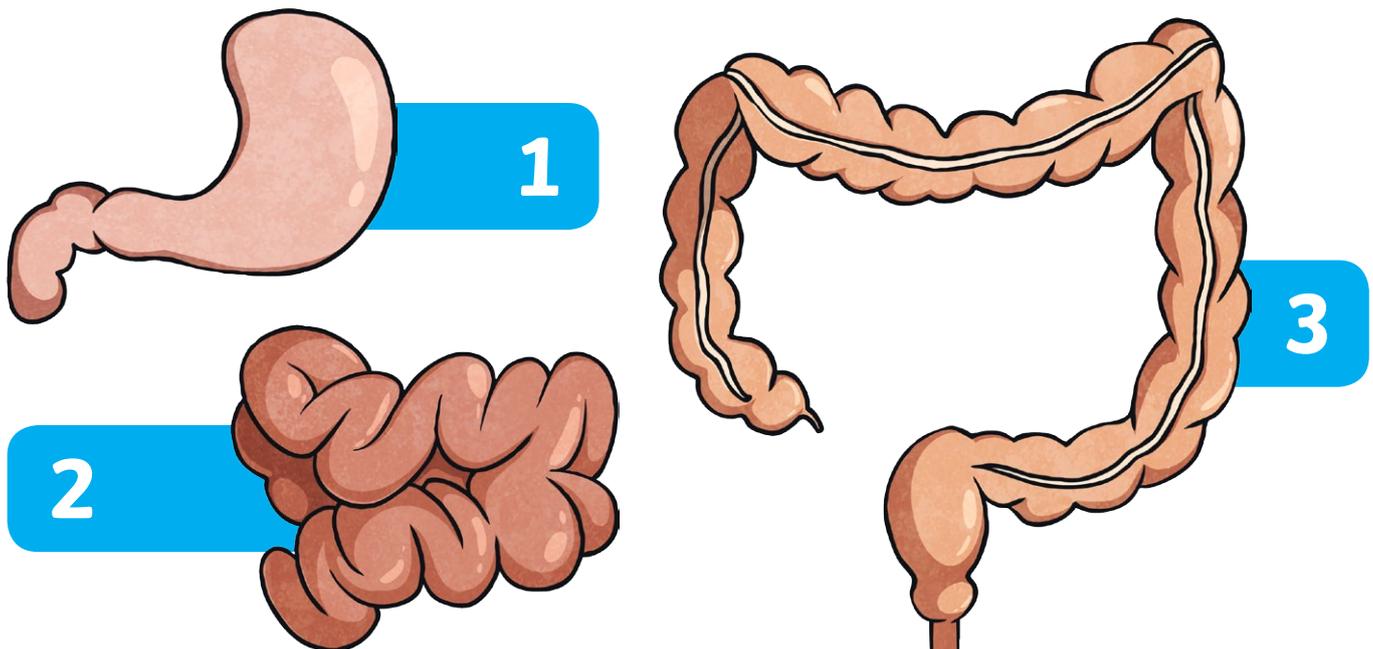
All the food material that is still unwanted passes through the **large intestine**. It is here that any last water or minerals are absorbed into the blood.

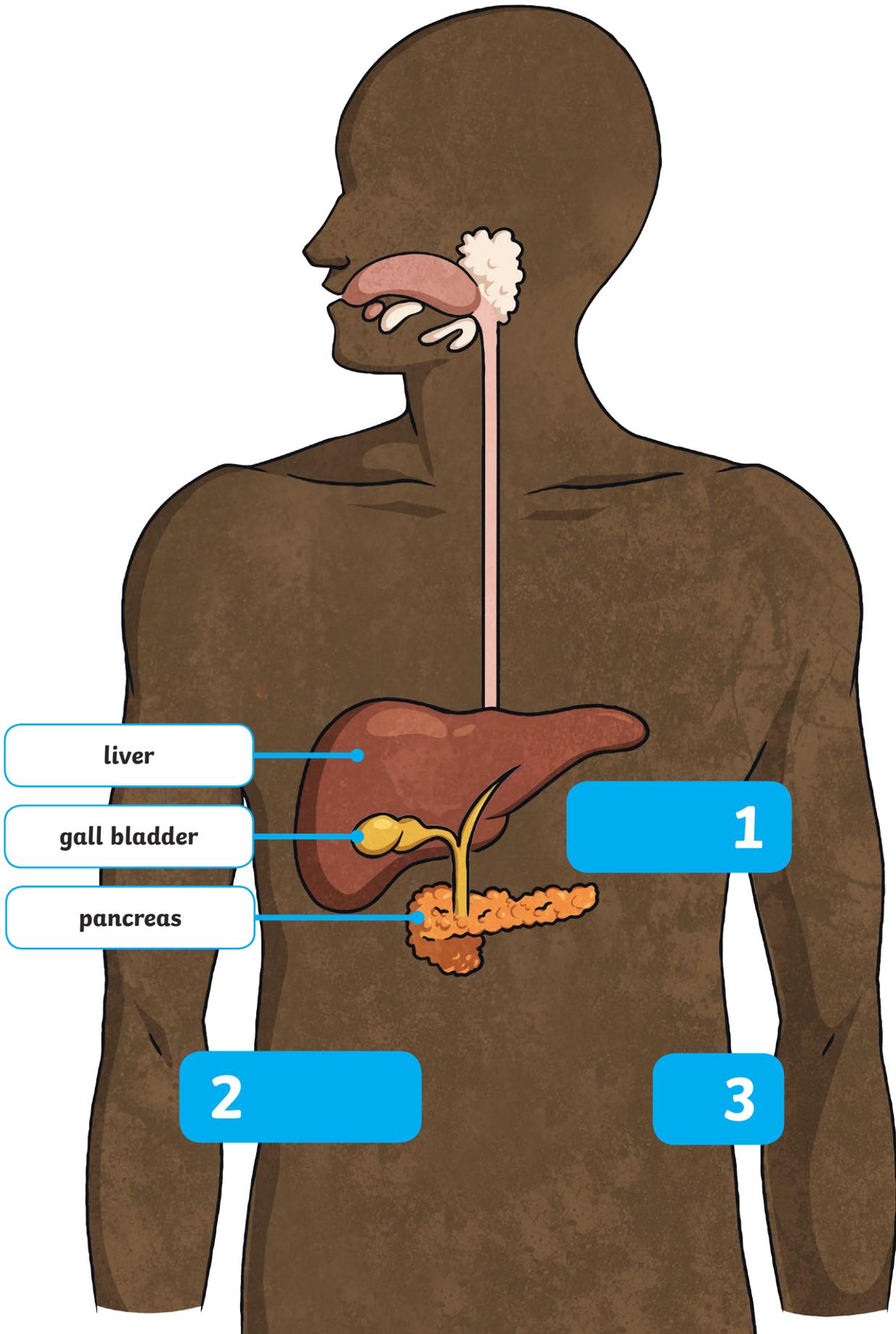
3. large intestine

oesophagus/mouth

1. stomach

2. small intestine





The Human Digestive System **Answers**

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oesophagus/mouth

The **stomach** is a stretchy sack where food is broken down by acids and enzymes. Once it is broken down, it becomes a substance called chyme. It also connects to other parts of the digestive system.

liver

gall bladder

pancreas

1

1. stomach

2. small intestine

2

3

3. large intestine

The **small intestine** is a stretchy tube. It breaks down the food mixture even more so your body can absorb all the vitamins, minerals, proteins carbohydrates and fats.

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This is where digestion begins. The teeth help break down the food into smaller pieces.

This tube connects the mouth and stomach. It has muscles within it that work in waves to move the food that has been eaten down into the stomach.

This is a long stretchy tube. It breaks down the food mixture even more so the body can absorb all the vitamins, minerals, proteins carbohydrates and fats.

This stretchy sack is where food is broken down by acids and enzymes. Once it is broken down, it becomes a substance called chyme. It also connects to other parts of the digestive system.

All the food material that is still unwanted passes through here. It is here that any last water or minerals are absorbed into the blood.

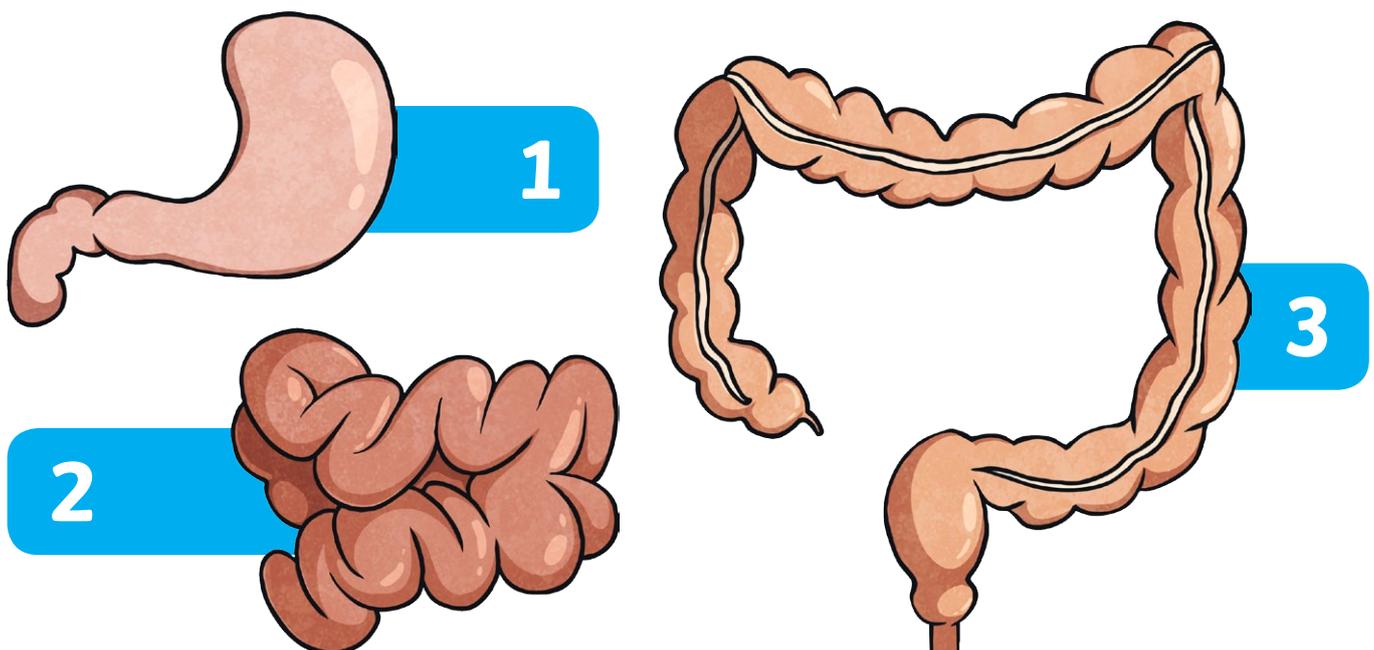
large intestine

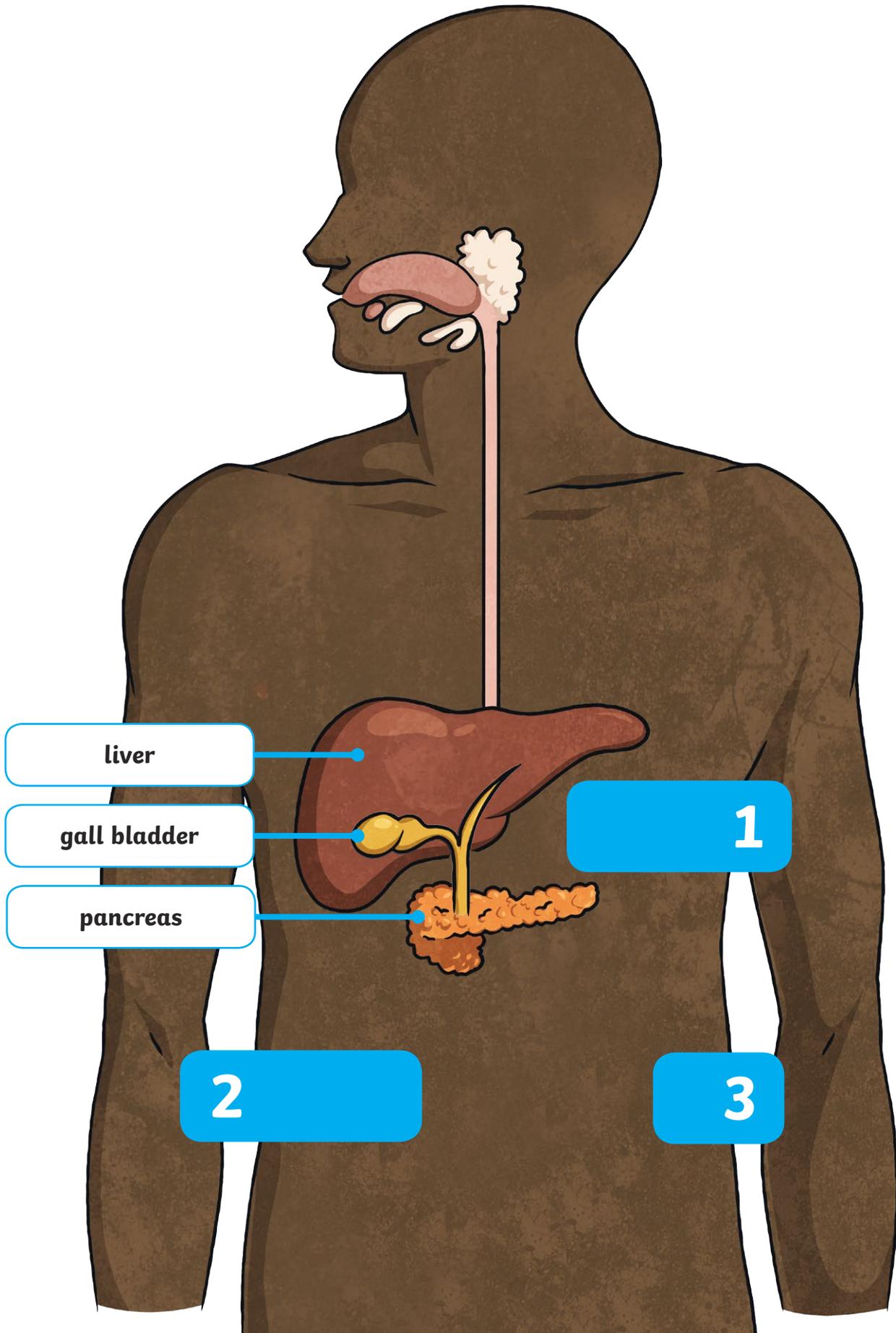
salivary glands

oesophagus/mouth

stomach

small intestine





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oesophagus/mouth

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liver

gall bladder

pancreas

1

1. stomach

2. small intestine

2

3

3. large intestine

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4. Finally, add more detail to the diagram using sentences which describe the function of each part of the digestive system

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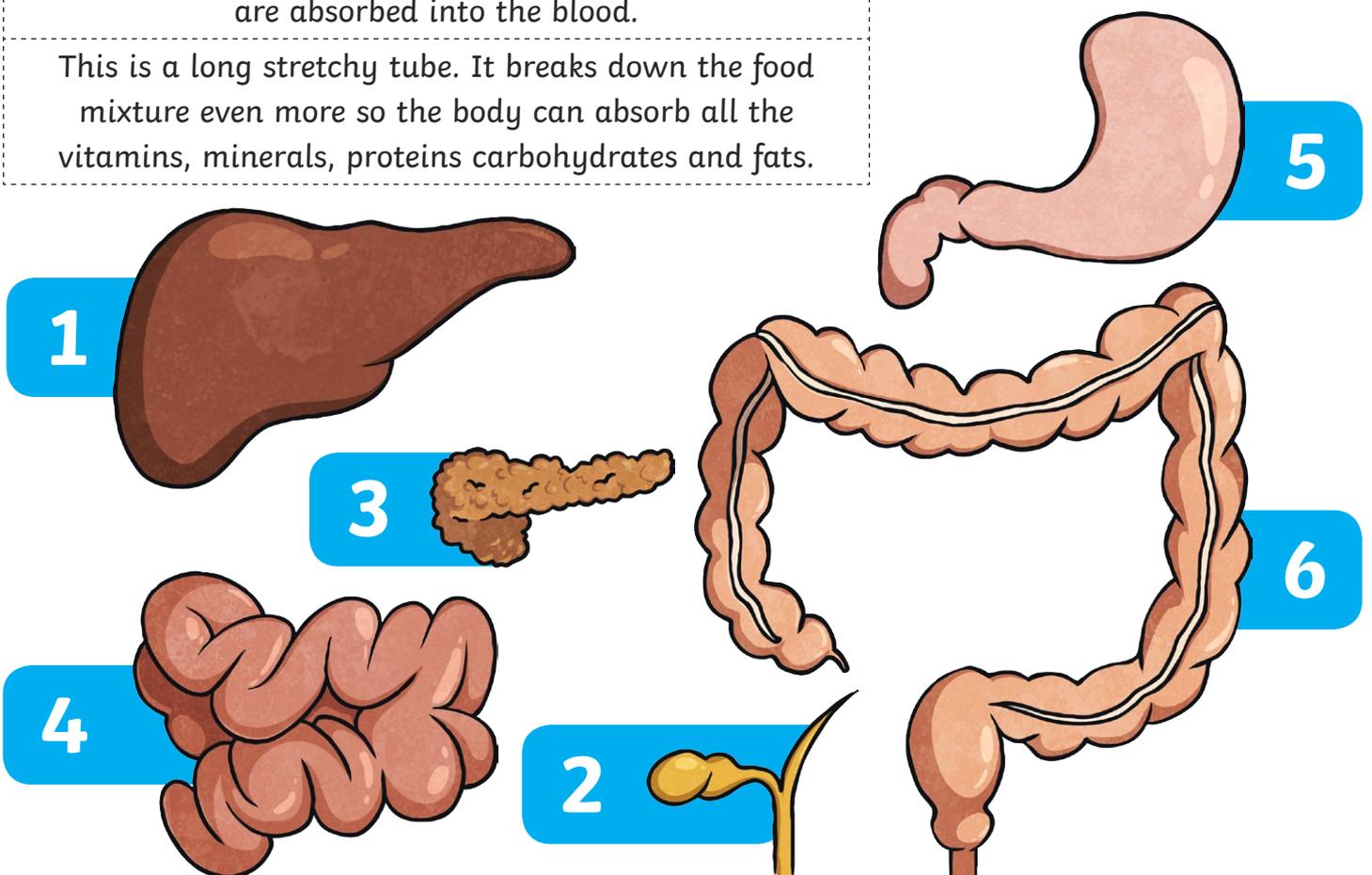
large intestine

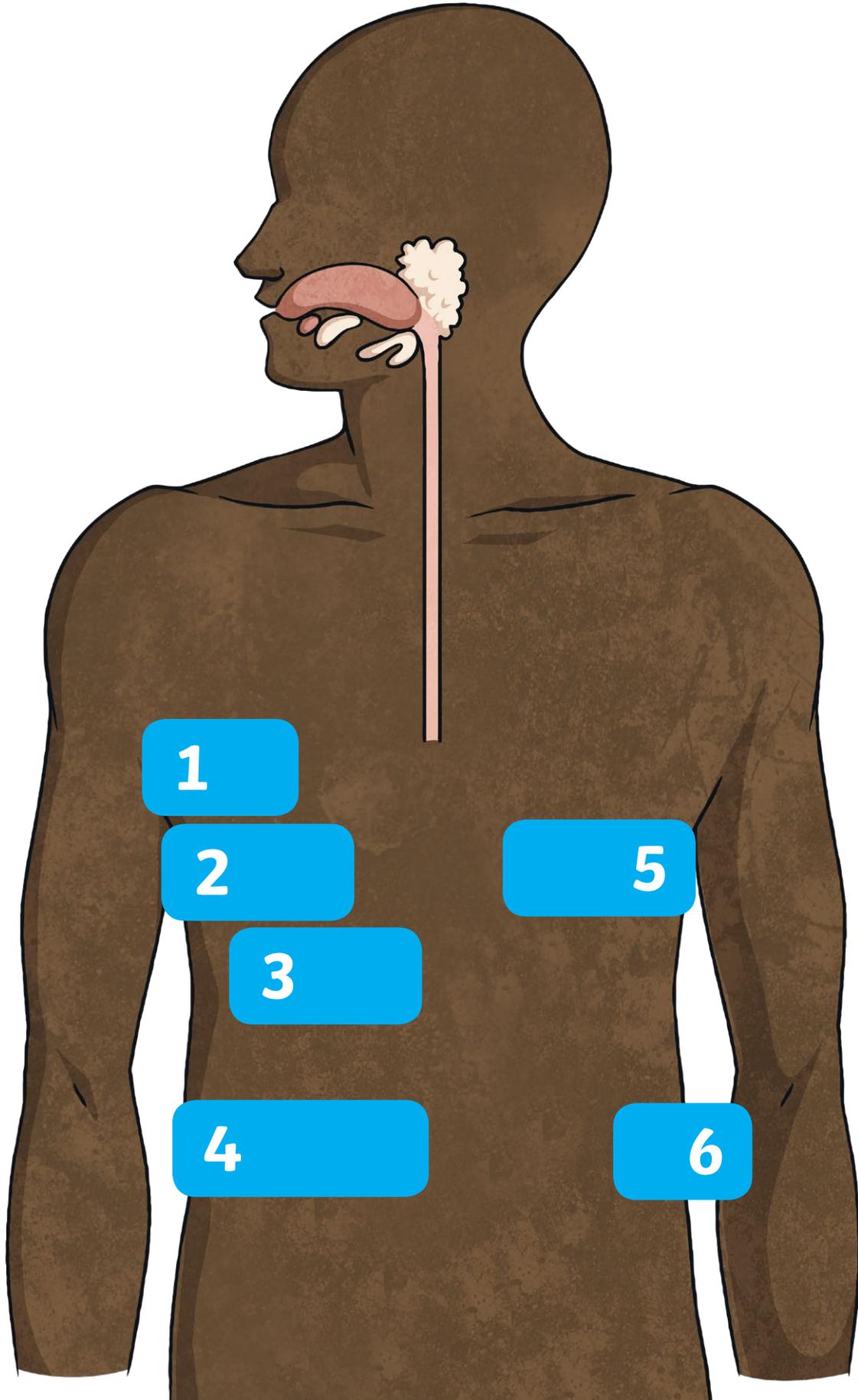
mouth

oesophagus

stomach

small intestine





The Human Digestive System **Answers**

